

11 November 1993

Phillip and Carol Reeve P.O. Box 477 Saxtons River, VT 05154

RE: Investigation Report, Village Mobil, Bellows Falls, VT 05154 (VT DEC Site #93-1442)

Dear Phil and Carol:

Please find enclosed a copy of the above-referenced report. Please call me if you have any questions or comments on this work.

Sincerely,

Ron Miller Geologist

Enclosure

c. Mr Matt Moran, State of Vermont DEC

REPORT ON THE

INVESTIGATION OF SUBSURFACE PETROLEUM CONTAMINATION at

VILLAGE MOBIL

Monument Square
U.S. Route 5
Bellows Falls, Vermont
(VT DEC Site #93-1442)

November 1993

Prepared for:

Phillip and Carol Reeve P.O. Box 477 Saxtons River, VT 05154

Prepared by:

GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL, INC.

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Griffin Project # 8934408

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Village Mobil site is located on Monument Square, U.S. Route 5, in the Village of Bellows Falls, Vermont. One of the underground storage tanks used to store gasoline for retail sale on the site reportedly released approximately 1,000 gallons of mid-grade unleaded gasoline to the subsurface during June and July 1993. The leaking tank, and two other tanks that were not found to be leaking, were removed from the site in September 1993. Subsurface petroleum contamination was encountered during the tank removal.

Griffin International, Inc. (Griffin) investigated the degree and extent of contamination at the site for the owners, Phillip and Carol Reeve. The investigation consisted of the following:

- Installation of four soil boring/monitoring wells;
- Field screening of soils from the borings for volatile organic compounds (VOCs);
- · Laboratory analyses (by EPA Method 602) of water samples collected from the wells; and
- Evaluation of the risk posed by contamination at the site to nearby sensitive receptors.

The results of this investigation indicate that, as of early October 1993, the bulk of the contaminant mass at the site remains in unsaturated soils directly beneath the release location. A thin confining layer has apparently retarded downward contaminant migration, but groundwater in the unconsolidated aquifer at the site has been impacted by benzene and MTBE above Vermont groundwater enforcement standards.

The water table beneath the site is located at a depth of approximately 68 feet. The unconsolidated aquifer consists of highly permeable sand and gravel of undetermined thickness. Groundwater beneath the site flows north-northeast toward the Connecticut River, which is located approximately 700 feet from the site. Contaminants appear to be migrating toward the south-southeast. The reason for the apparent difference between contaminant migration and groundwater flow directions has not yet been determined.

Although the contamination at the site does not appear to pose an immediate threat to nearby buildings, due to the depth to water and the short time since the release, the contaminants will likely continue migrating laterally, and could impact building basements and/or the Connecticut River.

Because of the potential threat to sensitive receptors, Griffin has installed and begun operation of a soil vapor extraction system to remediate the subsurface petroleum contamination at the site. Details of the remedial system are presented in a separate report.

I. INTRODUCTION

This report describes the investigation of subsurface petroleum contamination at the Village Mobil, located on Monument Square, U.S. Route 5, in the Village of Bellows Falls, Vermont. The investigation has been conducted by Griffin International, Inc. (Griffin) for the site owners, Phillip and Carol Reeve, who are acting in cooperation with the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation.

II. SITE BACKGROUND

Site Description

The Village Mobil site is located in the Village of Bellows Falls, Vermont, on the southwest corner of the intersection of U.S. Route 5 and Vermont Route 121 (see Site Location Map, Appendix A). The site map in Appendix A shows the location of pertinent site features.

The area surrounding the site exhibits a mixture of residential and commercial uses. Private residences are located to the southeast and northwest of the site. An automotive supply store, which was reportedly formerly a gasoline station, is located immediately east of the site. An active gasoline station is located north of the site. The area immediately west of the site is a wooded embankment separating the property from the Health Center at Bellows Falls.

The site is located along a terrace in the Connecticut River valley at an elevation of about 318 feet NGVD (National Geodetic Vertical Datum). Topography at the site slopes slightly downward toward the northeast. A steep embankment rises along the west edge of the site; another steep embankment drops off steeply to the Connecticut River floodplain a few feet east of U.S. Route 5. Approximately 700 feet east of and 80 feet below the site, the Connecticut River flows toward the south.

The Surficial Geologic Map of Vermont indicates that surficial materials at the site consist of pebbly sand deposited along the shore of a glacial high-level lake that once flooded the Connecticut River Valley. Subsurface explorations at the site have principally encountered coarse-to-fine sands and gravels.

Site History

The site has reportedly been used as a gasoline service station since the 1920s. A former building was located north-northwest of the existing building.

On 6 August 1993, the site owner reported to the VT DEC an inventory loss from a 4,000 gallon underground storage tank (UST) that was being used to store mid-grade unleaded gasoline. On 9 August 1993, the tank failed a precision tightness test and was immediately taken out of service. The site owner has estimated that the release occurred during June and July 1993, and totaled approximately 1,000 gallons.

Because of the likelihood of an impact to the subsurface, Griffin submitted to the VT DEC a work plan to investigate the degree and extent of subsurface petroleum contamination in soils and groundwater at the site on 23 August 1993. The work plan was approved on 26 August 1993.

On 7 and 8 September 1993, three gasoline underground storage tanks (USTs)--one 4,000 gallon tank and two 10,000 gallon tanks-- were removed from the property, and were replaced by two new USTs located in the same area as the two removed 10,000 gallon tanks. Soil screening during the UST removal indicated that the leak probably occurred near the north end of the 4,000-gallon tank. The other two tanks did not appear to have leaked. Soils beneath a depth of about ten feet consisted principally of highly permeable coarse-to-fine sands. Soils directly beneath the probable leak location appeared damp with gasoline from immediately beneath the tank to a depth of at least 20 feet (the maximum reach of the backhoe). Because it was not possible to remove all of the contaminated soils, only the minimum amount of contaminated soils necessary for the new tank installation were removed for off-site treatment.

On the basis of preliminary results of this investigation, Griffin sought and received VT DEC and site owner approval for a soil vapor extraction system to remediate the subsurface petroleum contamination at the site. The soil vapor extraction system was installed during September and October 1993, and began operation on 28 October 1993. Details of the remedial system installation are contained in a separate report.

III. INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES

Monitoring Well Installation

During the period from 15 - 17 September 1993, Technical Drilling Services of Clinton, Massachusetts installed four monitoring wells at the site under Griffin supervision. The monitoring wells were located to determine the degree and extent of the petroleum contamination in shallow groundwater at the site, and to evaluate the threat posed by the contamination to nearby sensitive receptors. Monitoring well MW1 was located in the likely upgradient direction, approximately 20 feet west of the probable leak location. Monitoring wells MW2 and MW3 were located in the likely downgradient directions, approximately sixty feet east-to-northeast of the probable leak location. Monitoring well MW4 was installed at the probable leak location. Boring logs and well construction details are presented in Appendix B.

The wells were installed with a hollow-stem-auger drill rig. Undisturbed soil cores were collected in a split-spoon sampler at five foot intervals from each borehole. Continuous split-spoon samples were collected from MW2 in the depth interval between 24 and 60 feet, and in MW1 between 44 and 50 feet. Boring logs are presented in Appendix B.

In general, the borings encountered silt and fine sand from near the surface to a depth of approximately nine feet, underlain by coarse-to-fine sand interbedded with sand and gravel to depths ranging from 42 to 46 feet, where a sharp downward-fining sequence was observed. The fining-downward sequence culminated in an approximately three-inch thick silt and clay layer at

depths that ranged from 45 to 50 feet. In the boring performed for MW4 (located at the likely leak location), soil samples were collected at five-foot intervals, and apparently missed the silt and clay layer. Samples collected during installation of a vapor point approximately three feet north of MW4 (VP5) later confirmed the presence of the three-inch thick silt and clay layer at a depth of approximately 47.5 feet in this area. In all of the wells, the silt and clay layer was underlain to the bottom of exploration by sand and gravel with some cobbles.

Griffin used a Photovac MicroTIP photoionization detector (PID) to measure volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations in soil samples collected from the borings. The PID was calibrated with isobutylene to a benzene reference. PID readings are presented on the boring logs in Appendix B, and are summarized here. In the MW1 boring, soil headspace VOC concentrations may be summarized as follows: 0 to 26 feet: 2.8 - 6.5 parts per million (ppm); 29 to 49.5 feet: 47 - 473 ppm; 49.5 to 71 feet: 8 - 37 ppm. A sharp decrease in VOC concentrations at 49.5 feet coincided with the depth of the silt and clay confining layer in this boring. Soil headspace VOC concentrations in samples collected from the two downgradient locations (MW2 and MW3) were generally below 20 (ppm), although somewhat higher readings were detected in MW2 (31 and 74.5 ppm) immediately above the silt and clay layer, and in MW3 (37.7 ppm) immediately above the water table. Soil VOC concentrations in the MW4 boring were: 0 - 26 feet: generally higher than 2,500 ppm; 29 to 41 feet: 1200-1600 ppm; 44 to 46 feet: 600 ppm; and 49 to 71 feet: 100 - 130 ppm. As in MW1, VOC levels in this boring declined sharply below the silt and clay layer.

The monitoring wells installed at the site are constructed of two-inch diameter PVC casing and 0.010-inch slotted PVC well screen. In each well, the screened interval extends approximately five feet above and below the apparent water table. The annulus between the borehole wall and the screened section of each well contains a silica sand pack to filter fine sediments from groundwater entering the well. To prevent contaminant migration downward through the breached silt and clay layer, a five-foot-thick bentonite seal was placed in the annulus of each well across the confining layer. Each well is protected at the surface by locking well caps and flush mounted well protection casings with bolt-down covers.

After installation, the monitoring wells were developed by hand pumping with a Brainard-Kilman Model BK 1.7 hand pump.

Determination of Groundwater Gradient and Flow Direction

On 17 September 1993, the monitoring wells and other relevant site features were surveyed in azimuth and relative elevation. On 1 October 1993, a Griffin technician measured depth to water in each of the installed monitoring wells. Relative water table elevations were calculated by subtracting measured depth-to-water from surveyed top-of-casing elevations. The top-of-casing of MW1 was arbitrarily assigned an elevation of 100 feet. Water level data is presented in Appendix C.

The water table surface was estimated using the relative water level elevations in the monitoring wells. Groundwater in the area was found to be flowing generally north-

northeastward, at an average gradient of 0.8% (see Groundwater Contour and Contaminant Distribution Map, Appendix A).

Groundwater Sampling and Analyses

On 1 October 1993, water samples were collected from all four of the newly installed monitoring wells. No free-phase petroleum product was detected in any of the sampled wells. The water samples were submitted to an analytical laboratory and analyzed for volatile gasoline compounds by EPA Method 602. Laboratory reports appear in Appendix D. Results of equipment blank, trip blank and duplicate samples indicate that good quality assurance and control were maintained during sampling.

Table 1 summarizes the analytical results of these samples.

Table 1. Water Quality Summary - 10/1/93

	Monitoring Well				
Compound	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW4	Enforcement Standard
Benzene	265	1,300	230	1,590	5
Toluene	239	823	168	2,060	2,420
Ethylbenzene	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	20	680
Xylenes	ND<10	ND<10	ND<10	110	400
TOTAL BTEX	504	2,123	398	3,780	-
MTBE	ND<100	ND<100	ND<100	109	40
BTEX + MTBE	504	2,123	398	3,889	-

Notes: Sample results presented in micrograms per liter, or parts per billion (ppb)

ND<10: None Detected at Stated Detection Limit

Benzene and toluene were detected in all of the monitoring wells. Benzene levels were above Vermont groundwater enforcement standards in all of the monitoring wells. Toluene levels did not exceed Vermont groundwater enforcement standards in any of the monitoring wells. MTBE was detected in MW4 above the groundwater enforcement standard. MTBE may have been present in other wells, but the necessary sample dilution significantly raised the detection limit for this compound.

The distribution of gasoline compounds in groundwater at the site is shown in Figure 3 (Groundwater Contour and Contaminant Distribution Map). The map indicates that the contaminants have migrated toward the south-southeast. The contaminant migration path does not appear to correspond with the observed groundwater flow direction. At this time, the reason for the difference cannot be determined. Possible explanations include: changing groundwater flow direction; lateral migration of contaminants in the unsaturated zone along a southeast-dipping layer of high permeability; or incorrect sample labeling.

IV. RISK ASSESSMENT

All of the nearby buildings are reportedly served by municipal water and sewer systems. Sensitive receptors in the vicinity of the site include nearby building basements and the Connecticut River. No building basements are located within the current known contaminant plume, and the depth to groundwater suggests that the buildings immediately to the southeast of the site will not likely be impacted even if the contaminant plume continues to migrate toward the southeast. However, several residences are located approximately 100 - 300 feet east of and as much as 40 feet lower than the site. Continued contaminant migration could potentially impact these basements.

The ultimate receptor of the subsurface petroleum contamination at the site is the Connecticut River, which is located approximately 700 feet east of the site. The highly permeable nature of the sand-and gravel aquifer at the site suggests that contaminants may migrate relatively rapidly toward the river.

V. CONCLUSIONS

On the basis of the results obtained from this investigation, Griffin has reached the following conclusions:

- 1. A 4,000-gallon UST at the Village Mobil in Bellows Falls, Vermont reportedly released approximately 1,000 gallons of mid-grade unleaded gasoline during June and July 1993.
- 2. In September 1993, the leaking UST and two other USTs that did not appear to be leaking were removed from the site and replaced with two new tanks.
- 3. Native materials below the release location consist principally of coarse-to-fine sand interbedded with sand and gravel, with a thin silt and clay layer at depths of between approximately 45 and 50 feet.
- 4. The water table beneath the site is located at a depth of approximately 68 feet, in a sand and gravel aquifer of unknown thickness. When water table elevations were measured on 1 October 1993, the groundwater flow direction was toward the north-northeast.
- 5. The release has impacted soil immediately beneath the release location. The thin silt and clay layer has apparently retarded downward contaminant migration. Soil headspace VOC levels in samples collected from below the probable release location were generally over 2,500 ppm from near the surface to a depth of 26 feet and over 1,200 ppm from 26 to 46 feet. Below the silt and clay layer, soil VOC levels in this location ranged from 100 to 130 ppm.
- 6. The release has also impacted groundwater beneath the vicinity of the release location. Levels of dissolved benzene in all of the monitoring well samples collected in October 1993 were significantly above the Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standard. Toluene was also detected in all of the monitoring wells, but at levels that did not exceed the groundwater

enforcement standard. MTBE was detected above the Vermont groundwater enforcement standard in the monitoring well located in the immediate vicinity of the release.

- 7. The downgradient extent of contamination has not yet been determined.
- 8. Contaminants have migrated preferentially toward the east-southeast, at a relatively high angle to the groundwater flow direction. The reason for this difference is not yet certain.
- 9. Because of the short time since the release, the deep water table, and the thin silt and clay layer underneath the site, most of the contaminant mass apparently remains in the unsaturated soils directly beneath the release location.
- 10. Although the residual contamination in soils and groundwater does not appear to pose a significant immediate threat, building basements along Earl Street and the Connecticut River could potentially be impacted within a few years.

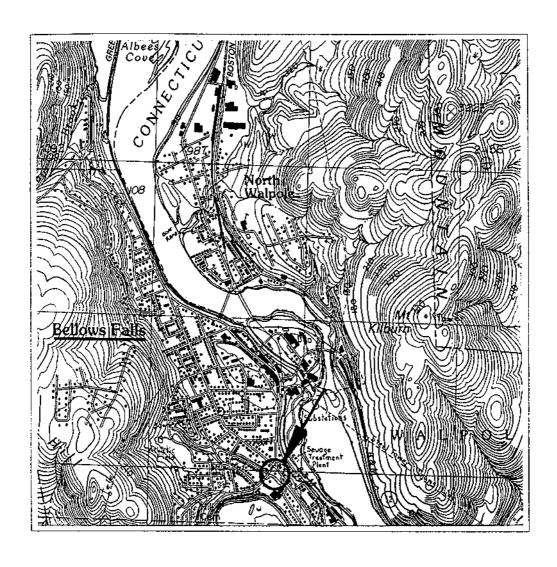
VI. RECOMMENDATIONS

On the basis of the conclusions reached during this investigation, Griffin makes the following recommendations:

- 1. Approximately four additional monitoring wells should be installed north and east of the existing monitoring wells, to determine the downgradient extent of subsurface petroleum contamination at the site.
- Operation of the soil vapor extraction system should continue, with site visits as frequent as
 necessary to maintain optimum system operation. It is expected that site visit frequency may
 be reduced to biweekly within approximately one month of system startup. Costs for
 biweekly site visits were included in the Corrective Action Plan monthly operations and
 maintenance cost estimate.
- 3. The on-site monitoring wells should be sampled monthly, to monitor progress of remedial efforts at the site. Costs for monthly water sample collection and analysis were also included in the Corrective Action Plan cost estimate.
- 4. Remedial progress reports that present system operational data and results of water quality analyses should be prepared quarterly. Preparation of these reports would represent a cost of approximately \$960 per quarter (\$320 per month). This cost was not included in the Corrective Action Plan cost estimate.

APPENDIX A

FIGURES



N

JEB #: 89<mark>34408</mark>

SOURCE USGS



VILLAGE MOBIL

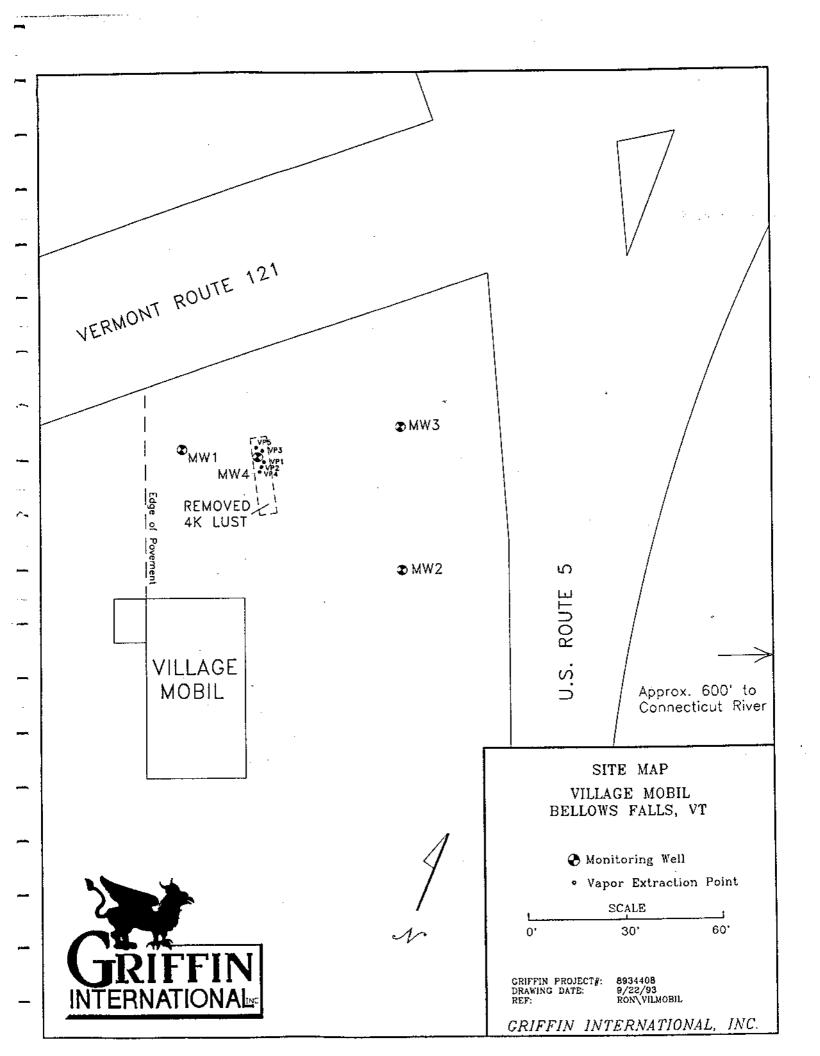
BELLOWS FALLS,

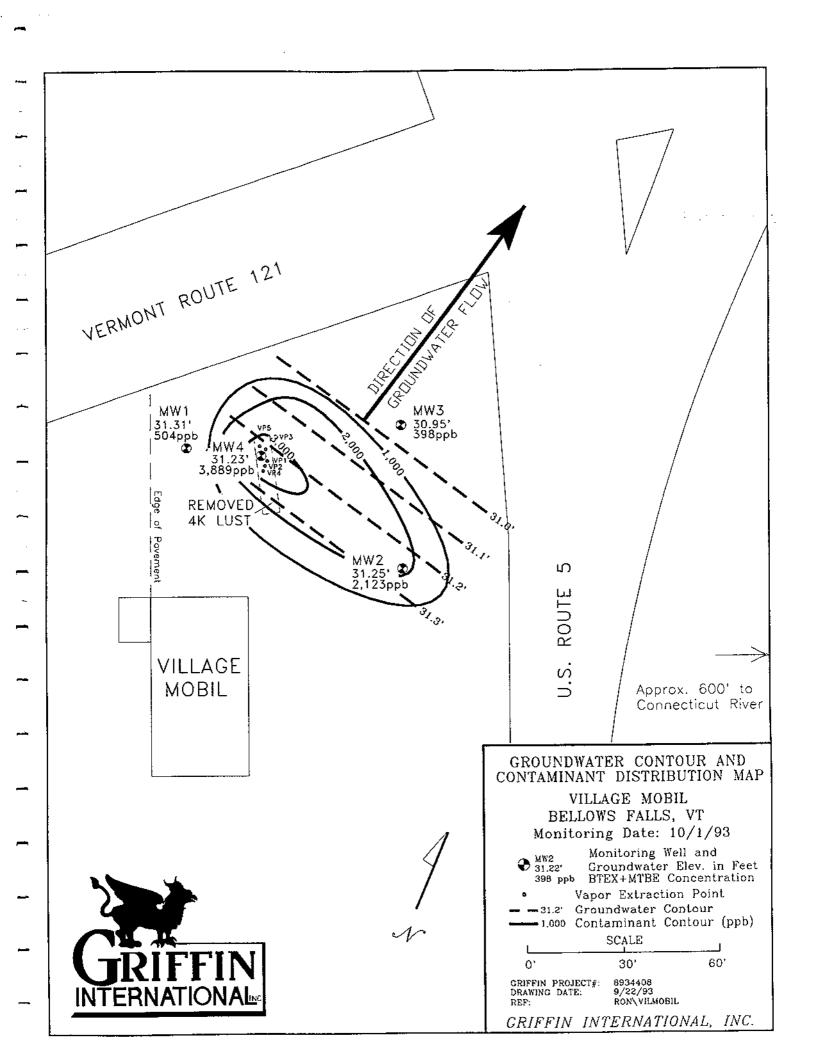
VERMONT

SITE LOCATION MAP

DATE: 11/8/93 | DWG.#:7 | SCALE: 1:25,000

DRN: SB APP.RM





APPENDIX B

WELL LOGS

APPENDIX B

WELL LOGS

WELL NUMBER MW1 PROJECT Village Mobil Site Sketch LOCATION Bellows Falls, Vermont DATE DRILLED 9/16/93 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE _72'_ @MW3 MW44 DIAMETER 6"___ M PORTO P æ₩2 SCREEN DIA. <u>2" LENGTH 10' SLOT SIZE 0.010"</u> POUTE CASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 62' TYPE sch 40 pvc ALLAGE MOBIL Š DRILLING CO. TDS DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem DRILLER Pete Newsham LOG BY Ron Miller GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL, INC DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION DEPTH BLOWS PER WELL DEPTH NOTES 6" OF SPOON CONSTRUCTION IN (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES) FEET FEET & PID READINGS --- ROAD BOX LOCKING WELL CAP 0 -- 0 - CONCRETE 3 -4'-6', 2,2,3,4 Brown SILT & fine SAND, moist, no odor 6 -6 - BACKFILL 5.1 ppm 9'-11', 9,11,10,10 -9-2.8 ppm Brown med/fine SAND, moist, no odor 14'-16', 8,9,8,10 -12--12Brn coarse/fine SAND, moist, no odor 6.5 ppm Gray to brown coarse/fine SAND moist, no odor -15--15 19'-21', 5,7,7,8 3.1 ppm -18 -18 Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND. moist, no odor 21 -Gray/brown SAND and GRAVEL, moist, no odor 24'-26', 18,22,28,24 24-24 WELL RISER 27-Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND 29'-31', 8,8,9,9 moist, no odor 47.4 ppm 30--30 Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND 34'-36', 14,11,15,10 trace of gravel, moist, no odor 67.2 ppm -33 -33 Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND 39'-41', 12,14,15,15 trace of gravel, moist slight odor 36 -36 184 ppm Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND, moist, odor 44'-46', 9,10,12,10 -39 -39 473 ppm 46'-48', 11,14,16,16 73 ppm Gray/brown med./fine SAND moist, odor 42--42Med./fine SAND fining downward 45-45 to fine sand, moist, slight odor 48'-50', 9,12,10,37 Green/gray SILT & CLAY, wet, no odor 48'-49.3' 48-48 166 ppm Gray SAND and GRAVEL, trace of cobbles BENTONITE 49.6'-50' -51 -51 8.4 ppm 54-54'-56', 32,35,18,18 -54 Gray SAND and GRAVEL trace of cobbles, dry, no odor 35.4 ppm ~ GRAVEL PACK -57--57 59'-61', 20,23,27,21 19.6 ppm -60 Gray SAND and GRAVEL trace of -6064'-66', 17,17,21,17 cobbles, moist, no odor 63 36.8 ppm -63 Gray SAND and GRAVEL trace of 69'-71', 12,13,15,15 WELL SCREEN cobbles, wet, no odor 66--66 10.4 ppm BOTTOM CAP 69' WATER TABLE -69END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' UNDISTURBED -72-NATIVE SOIL -75 -75 -78· 78

WELL NUMBER MW2 PROJECT Village Mobil Site LOCATION Bellows Falls, Vermont Sketch DATE DRILLED 9/15/93 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE _71'_ **BMW3** DIAMETER 6" ΦMW2 SCREEN DIA. 2" LENGTH 10' SLOT SIZE 0.010" POUTE CASING DIA 2" LENGTH 61' TYPE sch 40 pvc VILLAGE MOBIL ď. DRILLING CO. TDS DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem DRILLER Pete Newsham LOG BY Ron Miller INCGRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL, BLOWS PER DEPTH WELL DEPTH DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION NOTES IN 6" OF SPOON IN CONSTRUCTION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES) FEET FEET & PID READINGS -ROAD BOX LOCKING WELL CAP 0 . 0 CONCRETE 3 -3 4'-6', 8,4,5,5 7.2 ppm Brown SILT & fine SAND, moist, no odor 6 -- 6 BACKFILL -9 -Brown fine SAND & SILT, 9'-11', 6,6,7,5 0.6 ppm 9 moist to wet, no odor -12--WELL RISER Gray to brown coarse/fine SAND trace of gravel, moist, no odor 14'-16', 7,10,14.16 1.4 ppm - 15 --15 19'-21', 13,17,12,11 1.4 ppm 24'-26', 12,8,13,11 2.2 ppm -18 --18 -21 --21 Gray to brown SAND and GRAVEL 26'-28', 13,10,10.11 0.8 ppm moist, no odor -24 -24 28'-30', 13,13,18,13 0.8 ppm 27 30'-32', 21.13.18.19 0.6 ppm 32'-34', 21.16.13.15 1.6 ppm Gray to brown SAND and GRAVEL $30 \cdot$ -30 trace of cobbles, moist, no odor 34'-36', 13,14,17,18 2.3 ppm -33--33 36'~36', 16,12,12,14 10.0 ppm -36 -36 38'-40', 12.7,12.17 33.6 ppm No recovery -3940'-42', 16,14,26,27 39Brown med./fine SAND, moist, no odor 42'-44', 11.12.14.13 42-15.7 ppm Gray/brown, med./fine SAND 44'-46', £5,17,16,14 £8.4 ppm moist, no odor 45 -45 Brown fine SAND, very moist, no odor 46'- 48', 13,10,12,13 74.5 ppm Green/brown CLAY & SILT, wet, no odor 48 48 46'-50', 13,10,11,17 Gray/brown, med./fine SAND moist, no odor BENTONITE 48'-49.6" ·51 · 31.0 ppm -51 · 49.6'-50' 0 ppm Gray SAND & GRAVEL moist, no odor 54 -54 58,81,51,12,16,23 mqq 0.5 Gray SAND & GRAVEL, dry, no odor ·57· 52'-54', 22,22,27,34 16.7 ppm -57 No recovery -GRAVEL PACK 60 54'-56', 12,27,27,22 11.2 ppm -60 Gray/brown SAND & GRAVEL, trace 56'-56', 30,22,24,38 5.1 ppm of cobbles, dry, no odor 63: -63 Gray SAND and GRAVEL trace of 58'-80', 29.24,28,35 5.0 ppm - WELL SCREEN cobbles, wet, no odor 66 -66 64'-66'. 18.19,35.19 17.0 ppm BOTTOM CAP 68' WATER TABLE 69. -69 69'-71', 10,21,33,26 6.3 ppm END OF EXPLORATION AT 71 72. -72 UNDISTURBED

-75

-78

NATIVE SOIL

-75

78

PROJECT_Village Mobil
LOCATION_Bellows Falls, Vermont

DATE DRILLED 9/16/93 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 71'

DIAMETER_6"

SCREEN DIA 2" LENGTH_10' SLOT SIZE_0.010"

CASING DIA 2" LENGTH_61' TYPE_sch_40 pvc

DRILLING CO. TDS DRILLING METHOD_Hollow Stem

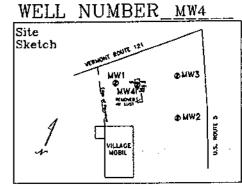
DRILLER_Pete_Newsham_LOG_BY_Ron_Miller

GRIFFIN_INT

WELL	NUMBER	<u>MW3</u>	
Site Sketch	YERMONT ROUTE 121	1	
	MW1	⊕м ₩3	
1	A STATE OF	⊕MW2	oure s
1	VILLAGE MOBIL		U.S. ROUTE

DEPTH NOTES		.R_1000_N000	TOG DI		GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	L, INC
CONCRETE	IN		NOTES	6" OF SPOON	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES)	IN
- 3 - CONCRETE - 6 - BACKFILL - 7.6 ppm - 9 - 12 - 15 - 16 - 8.5 ppm - 12 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15	- 0 -					- 0 -
BACKFILL A-6, 4,4,4,4 From SILT & fine SAND, moist.no odor 6 -	1		CONCRETE			L 3 -
12			BACKFILL		Brown SILT & fine SAND, moist, no odor	1
14'-16', 27,20,16,13 10.3 ppm 10.3 ppm 19'-21', 12,15,17,20 13 ppm 24'-26', 22,19,11,9 13 ppm 24'-26', 22,19,11,9 13 ppm 29'-31', 13,14,18,20 5.1 ppm 34'-36', 11,13,13,13 1 a ppm 34'-36', 11,13,13,13 1 a ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 42'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 54'-51', 35,23,26,25 5.4 ppm 54'-66', 32,30,49,37 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 66'-66', 24,16,19,18 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 2.5 ppm 64'-66', 24,16,19,18						1 1
19'-21', 12,15,17,20				14'-16', 27,20,16,13	Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND,	V 1
19'-21', 12,15,17.20				ro.o ppm		18-
24'-26', 22,19,11.9 1.3 ppm 29'-31', 13,14,18,20 5.1 ppm 34'-36', 11,13,13,13 1.8 ppm 34'-36', 11,13,13,13 1.8 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm Brown/gray SAND & GRAVEL, moist, no odor 30-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-33-3				19'-21', 12,15,17,20 3.4 ppm	Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, no odor	1
29'-31', 13,14,18,20 5.1 ppm 34'-36', 11,13,13,13 1.8 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm 49'-51', 35,23,26,25 5.4 ppm 54'-56', 32,30,48,37 12:1 ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10:4 ppm 64'-66', 24,16,19,18 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 25 ppim 64'-66', 24,16,19,18 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 25 ppim 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' A3-30 33-3						1 1
33 - 36 - 36 - 39 - 39 - 39 - 41, 13,13,12,11						4
39 - 41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 39'-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm BENTONITE 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, no odor Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND, moist, no odor Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND, moist, no odor Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND, wet, no odor Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND, wet, no odor 54'-56', 32,30,48,37 12: ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10',4 ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10',4 ppm 64'-66', 32,30,48,37 12: ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10',4 ppm 64'-66', 32,30,48,37 27, ppm 64'-66', 72, ppm 64'-66', 32,30,48,37 27, ppm 66'-60' 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' 72- 72- 75-			•		graver, moist, no odor	1 1
39-41', 13,13,12,11 4.9 ppm BENTONITE 44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, no odor Brown med./fine SAND fining downward to fine SAND, moist, no odor Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND, wet, no odor -51- 545760636366697275757575757575						1 1
BENTONITE					Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, no odor	39-
44'-46', 11,9,14,14 4.9 ppm Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND, wet, no odor Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND to fine SAND, wet, no odor 54 ppm 54'-56', 32,30,48,37 12.1 ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10.4 ppm 64'-66', 24,18,19,18 37', ppm 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 2.5 ppm Gray coarse/fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND, wet, no odor -57 cobbles, dry, no odor Gray coarse/fine SAND, wet, no odor 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' -72 coarsens down to fine SAND, wet, no odor Gray/brown coarse/fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -51 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -54 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -57 coarsens down to fine SAND wet, no odor -57 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -57 coarsens down to fine SAND to fine SAND to fine SAND wet, no odor -57 coarsens down to fine SAND to	i !				Brown med /fine SAND fining	VI 1
-51			BENTONITE		Green/gray SILT & CLAY, coarsens down to fine SAND, wet, no odor	4
5.4 ppm 5.4 ppm 54'-56', 32,30,48,37 12:1 ppm 59'-61', 73,52,33,55 10.4 ppm 64'-66', 24,18,19,18 37.7 ppm 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 2.5 ppm 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' -72	1					51-
-57	54-			5.4 ppm		54
10.4 ppm 64'-66', 24,18,19,18 37.7 ppm 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 69'-72-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11	-57-		GRAVEL PACK	54'-56', 32,30,48,37 12.1 ppm		1
WELL SCREEN 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' 72- 75- 75-	-60-			10.4 ppm		1 1
WELL SCREEN 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 69'-71', 7,10,14,17 68' WATER TABLE END OF EXPLORATION AT 71' 72- 75- 75-	-63-			64'-66', 24,18,19,18 37.7 ppm		 63
-697275 - UNDISTURBED NATIVE SOIL -75 -	-66-				Gray coarse/fine SAND, wet, no odor	 66-
-72 - UNDISTURBED NATIVE SOIL -75 -	-69-		BOTTOM CAP			69-
$\begin{bmatrix} -75 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	-72-					72-
	-75-	·····{ [-····	native soil			75-
<u>-78-</u>	<u>-</u> 78-					-78-

PROJECT Village Mobil LOCATION Bellows Falls, Vermont DATE DRILLED 9/15/93 TOTAL DEPTH OF HOLE 71 DIAMETER_6"___ SCREEN DIA <u>2" LENGTH 10' SLOT SIZE 0.010</u>" CASING DIA. 2" LENGTH 61' TYPE sch 40 pvc DRILLING CO. TDS DRILLING METHOD Hollow Stem DRILLER Pete Newsham LOG BY Ron Miller CDIEGINI INTEDNIATIONAL



DRILLER Pete News	nam FOG BA"	Kon Miller	GRIFFIN INTERNATIONAL	L, INC
DEPTH WELL IN CONSTRUCTION FEET	NOTES	BLOWS PER 6" OF SPOON & PID READINGS	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES)	DEPTH IN FEET
IN CONSTRUCTION	ROAD BOX LOCKING WELL CAP CONCRETE BACKFILL WELL RISER BENTONITE GRAVEL PACK WELL SCREEN BOTTOM CAP UNDISTURBED	6" OF SPOON	DESCRIPTION/SOIL CLASSIFICATION (COLOR, TEXTURE, STRUCTURES) Brown SILT & fine SAND, moist, odor Brown/grey SAND & GRAVEL (fill), dry, odor Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND moist, strong odor Brown/gray SAND & GRAVEL, moist, strong odor Brown/gray, coarse/fine SAND & GRAVEL, moist, strong odor Coarse/fine SAND, trace of gravel moist, odor Gray/brown SAND & GRAVEL, moist, odor Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, odor Brown/gray coarse/fine SAND, moist, odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, dry, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, dry, no odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, dry, no odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor Gray SAND & GRAVEL, trace of cobbles, wet, slight odor	
-75- -78-	NATIVE SOIL			-75- 78-

APPENDIX C WATER LEVEL DATA

Village Mobil Bellows Falls, Vermont

Liquid Level Data

10/1/93

Г			Тор				Specific		Corrected	Corrected
1	Well I.D.	Well Depth	of Casing	Depth To	Depth To	Product	Gravity	Water	Depth	Water Table
		ŕ	Elevation	Product	Water	Thickness	Of Product	Equivalent	To Water	Elevation
Г	MW1	72.05	100.00	-	68.69					31.31
Г	MW2	70.45	97.91	-	66.66					31.25
—	mw3	70.82	98.08	-	67,13	·				30.95
	MW4	70.83	99.38	-	68.15					31.23

APPENDIX D LABORATORY REPORT FORMS



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

REPORT OF LABORATORY ANALYSIS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil

REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993 PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,100 - 52,106

Enclosed please find the results of the analyses performed for the samples referenced on the attached chain of custody. Chain of custody indicated samples were preserved with HCl.

All samples were prepared and analyzed by requirements outlined in the referenced method and within the specified holding times. All instrumentation was calibrated with the appropriate frequency and verified by the requirements outlined in the referenced method. Blank contamination was not observed at levels affecting the analytical results.

Analytical method precision and accuracy was monitored by laboratory control standards which included matrix spike, duplicate and quality control analyses. These standards were determined to be within established laboratory method acceptance limits.

Individual sample performance was monitored by the addition of surrogate analytes to each sample. All surrogate recovery data was determined to be within laboratory QA/QC guidelines unless otherwise noted.

Reviewed by,

Harry B. Locker, Ph.D. Laboratory Director

enclosures



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993

DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993 ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993

PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,100 STATION: MW-1

TIME SAMPLED: 9:55 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)1	Concentration (ug/L)
Benzene	10	265.
Chlorobenzene	10	ND^2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
Ethylbenzene	10	ND
Toluene	10	239.
Xylenes	10	ND
MTBE	100	ND

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 108%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 0

- 1 Detection limit raised due to high levels of contaminants. Sample run at 10% dilution.
- 2 None detected



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International
PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil
REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993
DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993
DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993

ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993

PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,101 STATION: MW-2

TIME SAMPLED: 10:25 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)1	Concentration (ug/L)		
Benzene	10	1,300.		
Chlorobenzene	10	ND^2		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND		
Ethylbenzene	10	ND		
Toluene	10	823.		
Xylenes	10	ND		
MTBE	100	ND		

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 113%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 1

- 1 Detection limit raised due to high levels of contaminants. Sample run at 10% dilution.
- 2 None detected



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International
PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil
REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993

DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993
DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993
ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1003

ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993

PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,102 STATION: MW-3

TIME SAMPLED: 10:50 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)1	Concentration (ug/L)	
D	10	220	
Benzene	10	230.	
Chlorobenzene	10	ND^2	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND	
Ethylbenzene	10	ND	
Toluene	10	168.	
Xylenes	10	ND	
MTBE	100	ND	

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 101%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 1

- 1 Detection limit raised due to high levels of contaminants. Sample run at 10% dilution.
- 2 None detected



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993 DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993 ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993 PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,103 STATION: MW-4

TIME SAMPLED: 11:15 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

etection Limit (ug/L)1	Concentration (ug/L)
10	1,590.
10	ND^2
10	ND
10	ND
10	ND
10	20.1
10	2,060.
10	110.
100	109.
	10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 107%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 1

- 1 Detection limit raised due to high levels of contaminants. Sample run at 10% dilution.
- 2 None detected



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993 DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993 ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993

PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,104

STATION: Trip Blank TIME SAMPLED: 9:30 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Concentration (ug/L)	
Danzana	1	ND^1	
Benzene	1	ND-	
Chlorobenzene	1	ND	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND ·	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND	
Ethylbenzene	1 .	ND	
Toluene	1	ND	
Xylenes	1	ND	
MTBE	10	ND	

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 104%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 0

NOTES:

1 None detected

32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993 DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993 ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993 PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,105

STATION: Equipment Blank TIME SAMPLED: 11:25 SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)	Concentration (ug/L)
Benzene	1	ND^1
Chlorobenzene	1	ND
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1	ND
Ethylbenzene	1	ND
Toluene	1	ND
Xylenes	1	ND
MTBE	10	ND

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 99%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 0

NOTES:

1 None detected



32 James Brown Drive Williston, Vermont 05495 (802) 879-4333 FAX 879-7103

LABORATORY REPORT

EPA METHOD 602--PURGEABLE AROMATICS

CLIENT: Griffin International PROJECT NAME: Village Mobil REPORT DATE: October 13, 1993 DATE SAMPLED: October 1, 1993 DATE RECEIVED: October 1, 1993 ANALYSIS DATE: October 12, 1993 PROJECT CODE: GIVM1819

REF.#: 52,106

STATION: Duplicate (MW-4) TIME SAMPLED: 11:15

SAMPLER: J. Bernhard

<u>Parameter</u>	Detection Limit (ug/L)1	Concentration (ug/L)
Benzene	10	2,100.
Chlorobenzene	10	ND^2
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	10	ND
Ethylbenzene	10	38.5
Toluene	10	2,690.
Xylenes	10	197.
MTBE	100	132.

Bromobenzene Surrogate Recovery: 116%

NUMBER OF UNIDENTIFIED PEAKS FOUND: 2

- 1 Detection limit raised due to high levels of contaminants. Sample run at 10% dilution.
- 2 None detected

CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY RECORD

008864

Project Nam Site Locatio	ne: Village Mobil n: Bellows Falls, VT		Reporting Address: G-C: ///						Billing Address: 6-	Hin			
Endyne Proj	ject Number: GIVM1819	C	Company: 67 Fin Contact Name/Phone #: 879-7708						Sampler Name: Lembard Phone #: Same				
Lab#	Sample Location	Matrix	G R A B	C O M P	Date/Time 10-1-93		e Containers Type/Size)	Field Results/Remarks	Analysis Required	Sample Preservation	Rush	
52,100	MW-1	H20	χ		9:55	ਕ	40ml		<u> </u>	602)4C J		
52101	MN-3	J.		Ĭ,	10:25	7				}	,		
52,102 52,103 52,104 52,105	MW-3	V	Y		10:50	V	V			1	V		
52,103	mω-4				11:15								
52,104	Trip Blank				9:30								
52,105	Eguipment Blank				11:25								
52,106	Equipment Blank Duplicate (MW-4)				11:15								
\$	V												
	4					,	.1						
Relinguished by	r: Signature	Re	Received by Signature H. Van VCI						Date/Time / / 9 3 / 1. 1/1)				
Relinguished by	r: Signature	Re	ceived b	y: Signa	ture	-			Date/Time				

Rec	uested	Analyses	
4000	ucoicu	TARRETTOC	ı

1	pH	6	TKN	11	Total Solids	16	Metals (Specify)	21	EPA 624	26	EPA 8270 B/N or Acid
2	Chloride	7	Total P	12	TSS	17	Coliform (Specify)	22	EPA 625 B/N or A	27	EPA 8010/8020
3	Ammonia N	8	Total Diss. P	13	TDS	18	COD	23	EPA 418.1	28	EPA 8080 Pest/PCB
4	Nitrite N	9	BOD,	14	Turbidity	19	BTEX	24	EPA 608 Pest/PCB		
. 5	Nitrate N	10	Alkalinity	15	Conductivity	20	EPA 601/602	25	EPA 8240		
29	29 TCLP (Specify: volatiles, semi-volatiles, metals, pesticides, herbicides)										
30	Other (Specify):										